Five-constant standard definition

The third:

On System Air Conditioning Human thermal comfort

- 1) Human thermal comfort ; 2) Comfort class evaluation;
- 3) Air conditioning scheme of Five-constant system (9 scenarios)

Member of the National HVAC and Purification Equipment Standardization

Technical Committee (SAC / TC143)

Technical Standards for Near-Zero Energy Consumption Buildings, Technical Standards for Zero Carbon Buildings, and Energy Saving Design Standards for Public Buildings

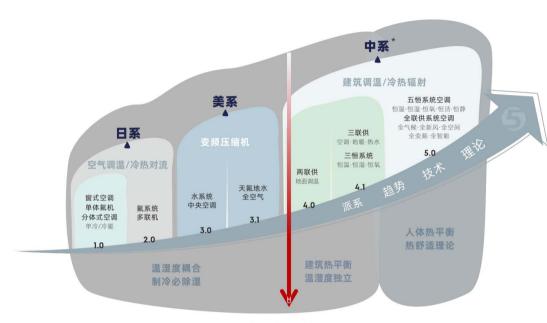
Heat Recovery Fresh Air Unit, Fan Coel Unit, Household Fresh Air Dehumidifier
Integrated Heat Pump Type Fresh Air Environment Control Machine and
Technical Regulations for Radiation Heating and Cooling

And other 27 national standard drafting units

National high-tech enterprise / specialization, special and new · little giant / green factory / beautiful factory

Partner of State Key Laboratory of Future Construction / undertake sub-project of national 13th Five-Year Key Research and Development Plan





In 2015, Change the lane and overtake

The evolution history of the new air conditioning

Biological analogy:

Mainstream monkeys go blind, with only some non-mainstream (innovative) monkey "collateral variation" that continues to evolve into modern Homo sapiens.

Air conditioning technology evolution, from 1.0 to 5.0 is not a substitution relationship, but coexistence

market trend:

From Japanese, American to Chinese, is the " product to the system " upgrade

Equipment brand is becoming less important, and the service brand is becoming more important .

Changing lanes and overtaking

More than 90% of the world's air conditioners are made in China *. With technology integration and innovation and business model transformation, Chinese air conditioning will accelerate the realization of lane change and overtaking.

Traditional air conditioning to system air conditioning, technology upgrading and commercial transformation.

- ① From cooling with dehumidification, to temperature and humidity independent control;
- ② From the fluorine machine to the water machine, change the water temperature without blowing cold air (silent and sterile):
- ③ From convection air conditioning (indirect heat transfer / temperature control) to radiation air conditioning (direct heat transfer / field temperature control);
- ④ From the intermittent operation to save, to the continuous operation to save energy:
- ⑤ From the building environment thermal comfort to heat dissipation balance, the human body thermal comfort.
- ⑤ From door-to-door service to remote service, real-time cloud operation and maintenance "value service".

04

Redefin e "new air conditioning" overview

Redo the air conditioning with the "system theory."

System theory is the study of the structure, characteristics, behavior, dynamics, principles,

laws and the correlation between systems,

And establish the theoretical system of mathematical expression.

The basic idea of systems theory is to treat the object of research and treatment as a whole.

System air conditioning # traditional air conditioning

Traditional air conditioning is temperature conditioning, not air conditioning; system air conditioning is not only air conditioning.

On the same AIO digital HVAC cloud platform,

integrate (air conditioning, floor heating, fresh air, humidity adjustment, domestic hot water, automatic control, lighting and other subsystems,

the relationship between waterways, wind road, air road and circuit as a whole of the big system.

In order to grasp the whole system, to achieve the optimal goal.

The whole system air conditioning is greater than the sum of the parts:

because of:

Building carbon neutrality with the human body thermal comfort, the construction of the theoretical system



1) Human thermal comfort theory

What is comfort?

Comfortable refers to maintaining a calm and peaceful life in the environment, maintaining physical and mental health, without trouble, disease, anxiety; give people a feeling of ease and comfort.

GB / T 50785-2012 "Evaluation Standard for Indoor Heat and wet Environment in Civil Buildings": Thermal comfort is the subjective satisfaction evaluation of people to the surrounding hot and wet environment, which stipulates the heat and wet environment grade I II and III, and the corresponding population satisfaction is 90%, 75% and less than 75% respectively.







Thermal discomfort in life: why? Under same temperature, Covering a thin quilt feels hot in summer.

It feels cold to cover a thick quilt in winter.

The vertical temperature difference is too large Cause of "dizzy head "

Winter by the window side or exterior wall "cold air sense" The ground temperature is too low to cause "frozen feet" Scalding sensation caused by overheated electric floor heating

why?

The air in the basement is warm, but staying too long will have a cold feeling.

Understand human thermal comfort

The body senses hot and cold and its regulation

Metabolic heat generation is the energy source of the human body, maintaining the body temperature at about 36.5°C. Rectal temperature = human brain temperature = liver temperature = right atrium + 0.6°C = esophageal temperature + 0.6°C = oral temperature + 0.4°C

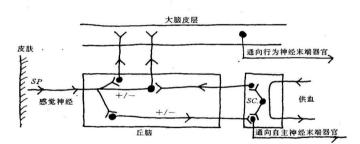
People feel cold and cold is perceived by cells on the body surface, feeling faster to cold and slower to heat (more sensitive to cold).

The regulation process of the human body to the thermal environment: regulate the neuromodulation → response.

Environment stimulates → the thermal sensory nerve → brain (thalamus) →

Physiological regulation: when body temperature increases, blood circulation and heart rate increase; blood vessels on the skin expand and sweat evaporates. When the body temperature decreases, the skin surface blood vessels contract to prevent heat loss.

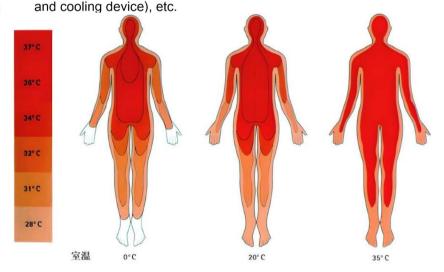
Behavior adjustment : dressing, window ventilation, air conditioning (heating



6 key factors that affect human thermal balance



Note: Air temperature should not be used to evaluate human comfort.



Literature source: Tongyue Energy Saving Technology

Understand human thermal comfort

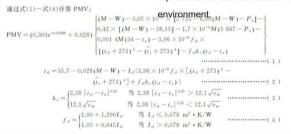
M= W+ Qrad + Qconv + Qexha M=human metabolism: W=human external work consumption; Qrad=radiation heat exchange; Qconv=convection heat exchange; Qexha=Breathing, sweat, evaporation of heat, etc.

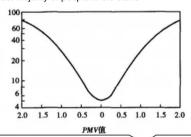


P.O. Fan

The Danish University of Science and Technology P.O. Fanger Van gel, professor of "human thermal comfort" theory : the establishment of human thermal balance equation, that the human body metabolism of heat production and external heat dissipation to reach the balance (equal or offset), this time the human body feels the most comfortable.

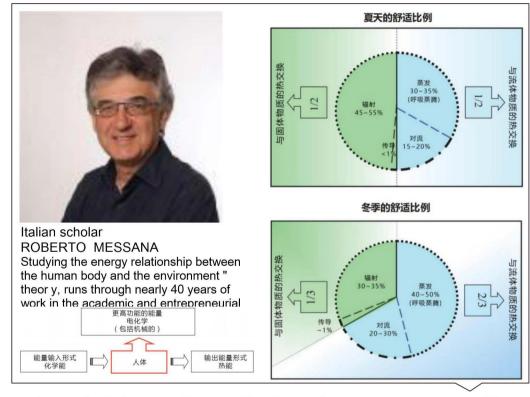
PMV thermal comfort model is Fanger in the 1970s, through a large number of climate chamber experimental research, after a series of theoretical analysis, the comprehensive body thermal comfortable four physical variables (air temperature, air flow velocity, environmental surface average radiation temperature, relative humidity) and two artificial variables (clothes thermal resistance, human activity), put forward the ability to predict thermal comfort PMV index. This indicator represents the heat sensation of the vast majority of people in the same





From the perspective of heat balance between human body and environmental heat transfer, rather than from the perspective of building heat load.

Understand human thermal comfort



To really achieve thermal comfort, human thermal balance is a necessary condition, heat dissipation ratio is a sufficient condition.

This page is from: Radiative architecture by Roberto-Mesana

Fanger equation with Carrier method, the presence of 2 missing...

The formation of the thermal comfort equation (from chapter 3), and then is transformed into the international standard UNI EN ISO 7730. The heat sensation experienced by different subjects was assessed and quantified by the index of "predicted average votes" (PMV): -3 (cold) <-2 (cool) <-1 (slightly cool) <0 moderate>

+ 1 (slightly warm)> + 2 (warm)> + 3 (hot).

	EU TOTAL PINIZIO		
参数	案例1	案例 2	
空气温度	19 °C	25 ℃	
辐射温度	60 °C	23 ℃ 55% 0.05 米/砂 1.15 met	
相对湿度	15%		
气流速度	>2米/秒		
新陈代谢活动	1.15 met		
衣服	0.6 clo	0.6 clo	
PMV	0!	0	
		de la constante de la constant	
		100	

Failure under specific conditions:

Case 1: The tin house in the desert sun has a strong convection air conditioning.

Case 2: Houses in the Alps, sunny in summer without air conditioning.

2 cases with the same PMV value of 0 (moderate),

The predicted dissatisfaction percentage PPD is not higher than 5%.

However, even though they are equal in terms of thermal balance, the human perceived comfort is certainly different.

Therefore, the PMV index can only be understood as an indicator of cold, hot or moderate thermal condition; but not represented the perceived quality of cold, hot or balanced; this is the missing one.

It's like emphasizing that one person eats too much, too little or in moderation;

Instead of studying the ingredients of the food.

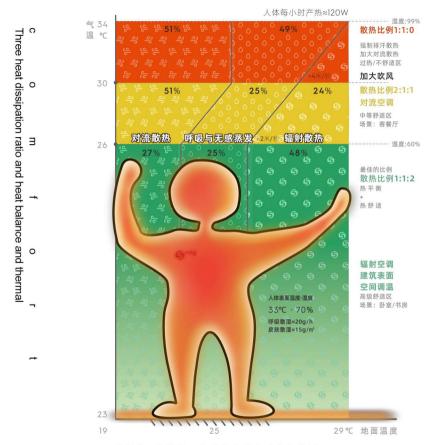
Mr.Carrier invented the first set of air conditioning system in 1902, the application object is paper, with temperature and humidity as the design parameters; the purpose is to reduce the humidity of the printing factory, to improve the printing process.

But "people aren't made of paper".

The surface temperature (including clothing) of the human body is between 24.2°C and 36.3°C, so the radiation wavelength is between 9.723 and 9.342 microns, equivalent to the frequency between 3.0813 and 3.2113 Hz. In fact, the root cause of the problem is right here. When applying technology to improve the comfort of the human body, it is not considered that the human body is a warm body with an emission coefficient almost equal to the "black body" (the surface emission and absorption radiation rate is 100%). The human body can lose a lot of heat through infrared radiation and is sensitive to both surface and air temperatures; this is missing two.

Summary: Two missing facts, the "thermal comfort assessment and heat load calculation" of radiation air conditioning lead to incorrect cognition and design. "Do things with a correct understanding" and correct:

1) Thermal comfort \$\neq\$ thermal balance: should be based on a reasonable proportion of human heat dissipation; 2) Human body \$\neq\$ paper: human body surface is almost "black body", about 50% of the heat is lost through radiation; to the traditional convection air conditioning system, there is load overload and operation waste.



热平衡≠热舒适,热平衡并不意味着热舒适, 恰当的散热比例,才能达到热平衡=热舒适。 Heat dissipation and heat balance (about 120W)

Human is always a heat sink .

Proper heat dissipation ratio of 1:1:2

can maintain a relatively constant body temperature

That is: human thermal comfort under the heat dissipation balance stat e.

Note: Convection heat dissipation 27% + respiration and evaporation 25%, radiation heat dissipation accounts for 48% is a quantitative analysis of heat ratio in summer; iturns 1:1:1 in winter

When human body's heat production and heat dissipation are equal , it reaches heat balance.

Human body in the normal metabolic process, continuous produce and dissipate heat.

The balance between heat dissipation and heat production is needed to maintain a relatively constant body temperature,

Ensure that all organs and tissues of the body perform normal physiological functions.

System air-conditioning design strategy:
Radiation heat transfer (visible heat)

+

convection heat transfer (latent heat)

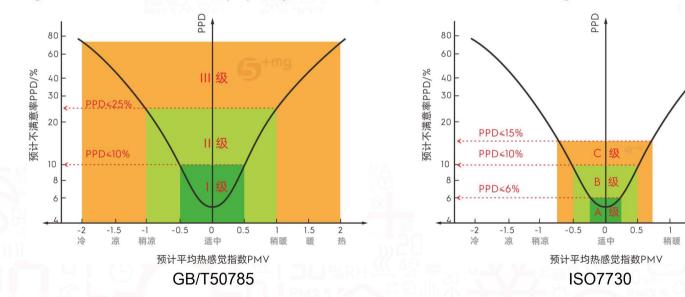
menred

The overall thermal sensation comfort grade evaluation method (PMV / PPD) Domestic compared to international

The PMV (Predicted Mean Vote) index was determined by the Danish professor P.O. Fanger , proposed in the 1970s. PMV is an indicator used to quantify the body's subjective perception of the thermal environment:

PMV value 7 grades: -3 (cold) <-2 (cool) <-1 (slightly cool) <0 moderate> + 1 (slightly warm)> + 2 (warm)> + 3 (hot).

PPD (Predicted Percentage of Dissatisfied) is a quantitative measure of people's comfort with the thermal environment. evaluates the projected percentage of dissatisfied people based on thermal comfort under indoor ambient conditions. Higher PPD values indicate that more people may feel dissatisfied, while lower PPD values indicate higher comfort.



Point of view: GB / T is too broad, ISO does not adapt

1.5

It

2) Comfort grade evaluation

New energy housing Research Institute EEH ©Five constant standard definition







Overall thermal sensation dissatisfaction rate and comfort rating:

ClassA⁺ comfort: PPD≤10%

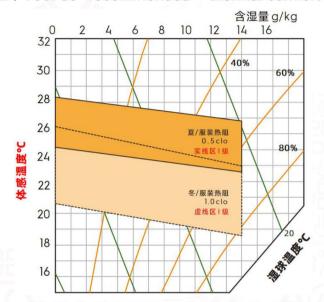
Class A comfort: PPD≤15%

Class B comfort: PPD≤20%



menred

GB / T50785 recommended thermal comfort



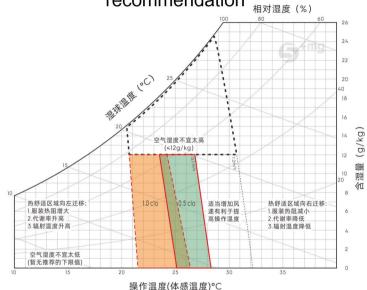
What is the "somatosensory temperature"?

Air temperature and radiation temperature (field temperature), the combined effect of these two temperature on the human body, called, somatosensory temperature; also known as "operating temperature".

Experience assessment:

When the indoor airflow is less than 0.2 m / s, the humidity is 30~50%, the temperature difference between air temperature and field temperature is less than 4°C, the somatosensory temperature is approximately equal to the average of the two as below:

ASHRAE 55 Thermal comfort recommendation 相对混度 (%)



操作温度(体感温度)°C (当风速<0.2 m/s时, 操作温度=1/2干球温度+1/2平均辐射温度

The American Association of Building HVAC Engineers: 80% acceptance for thermal comfort areas in typical indoor environments, The overall thermal comfort (PPD) dissatisfaction rate is 10%, and the local thermal comfort (PD) dissatisfaction rate is 10%

For typical indoor environments:

Personnel sitting metabolic rate (1.1m et), wind speed \leq 0.2m / s; Clothing heat resistance:

0.5 clo in summer or 1.0 clo in winter

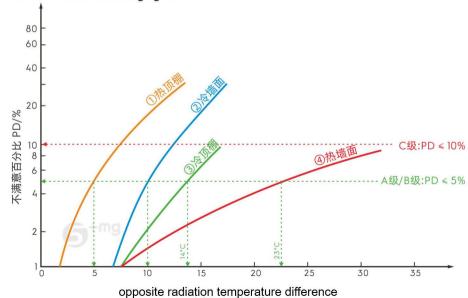
ISO7730 "Local discomfort", PD index

Local dissatisfaction rate of "building temperature regulation", thermal comfort level division:

There is radiation temperature difference between the opposite surface: "roof to floor, wall to window, and wall to wall", and the surface temperature difference is called "asymmetric radiation temperature", collectively called "opposite radiation temperature difference" in this article.

- The human body is particularly sensitive to the opposite radiation temperature difference generated by the hot ceiling or cold wall (windows).
- · Cold ceiling: the temperature difference between roof and floor \leq 14°C, the dissatisfaction rate \leq 5%, and the local comfort level is A.

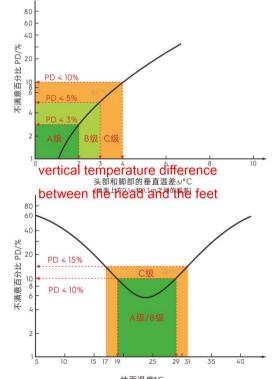
·As shown in the following figure:



对立面辐射温差Δt°C

PMV and PPD are used to indicate the overall heat sensation, but the dissatisfaction is likely caused by local discomfort; the most common reason:

The vertical temperature difference between the head and the feet is too large, and the ground is too hot or too cold.



地面温度°C Floor temperature

Thermal feeling comfort level and design index

The international standard I S O 7730 classifies the thermal comfort environment into three grades: A, B and C, and all indicators of each type should be met at the same time.

Thermal comfort grade PPD / PMV / DR / PD evaluation index

heat comfort grade	Overall thermal feeling		Local thermal discomfort				
	disconte	thermal	A sense	Dissatisfaction rate: PD /%			
	nt rate PPD %	sensatio n index number PMV	of wind index number DR/%	Vertical temperature difference	Hot and cold ground	Radiation temperature difference between the opposite sides	
Α	< 6	-0.2 <pmv<+0.2< th=""><th>< 10</th><th>< 3</th><th>< 10</th><th>< 5</th></pmv<+0.2<>	< 10	< 3	< 10	< 5	
В	<10	-0.5 <pmv<+0.5< td=""><td>< 20</td><td>< 5</td><td>< 10</td><td>< 5</td></pmv<+0.5<>	< 20	< 5	< 10	< 5	
С	<15	-0.7 <pmv<+0.7< td=""><td>< 30</td><td>< 10</td><td>< 15</td><td><10</td></pmv<+0.7<>	< 30	< 10	< 15	<10	

of the thermal comfort level

heat comfort grade	Between the head and	Ground-level temperature range is °C	The opposite side radiation temperature difference is ∆°C				
	the foot ^a Vertical temperature difference of Δ°C		heated ceiling	Cold wall	Cold ceiling	Hot metope	
A	< 2	19~29	< 5	< 10	< 14	< 23	
В	< 3	19~29	< 5	< 10	< 14	< 23	
С	< 4	17~31	< 7	< 13	< 18	< 35	

Example design guidelines for typical

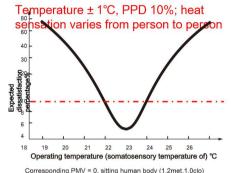
buildings of the thermal comfort class

	activity	Therm	Body-sensing operating tem	temperature or perature of °C	Maximum average wind speed (m/s)		
Construction space type	metabolic rate (W/m²)	comfor t grade	Summer (cooling)	Winter season (heating)	Summer (cooling)	Winter season (heating)	
Office /		Α	24.5 ± 1.0	22.0 ± 1.0	0.12	0.10	
room	70	В	24.5 ± 1.5	22.0 ± 2.0	0.19	0.16	
Classroom / restaurant		С	24.5 ± 2.5	22.0 ± 3 .0	0.24	0.21 b	
	81	Α	23.5 ± 1.0	20.0 ± 1.0	0.11	0.10 ^b	
nursery school		В	23.5 ± 2.0	22.0 ± 2.5	0.18	0.15 ^b	
		С	23.5 ± 2.5	22.0 ± 3.5	0.23	0.19 ^b	
	93	Α	23.0 ± 1.0	19.0 ± 1.5	0.16	0.13 ^b	
bazaar		В	23.0 ± 2.0	19.0 ± 3.0	0.20	0.15 ^b	
		C	23.0 + 3.0	19.0 + 4.0	0.23	0.18b	

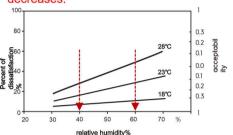
POLIF 8: The maximum average wind speed is based on ADNs of the turbulence intensity and air temperature signal to the operating temperature with 6.2 and the vertical air temperature difference between head and foot for the relative humidity in summer and winder were 60% and 40%; respectively. For winder and summer, the lower temperatures in the interval are used to determine the maximum mean wind speed. pour 1. Selective 20°C Billion (see the vertical air temperature difference between

Note: Office summer cooling, class A summer ± 1°C, class B± 1.5°C, grade C ± 2.5°C; heating deviation value is slightly larger.

Relationship between temperature fluctuations and dissatisfaction rates

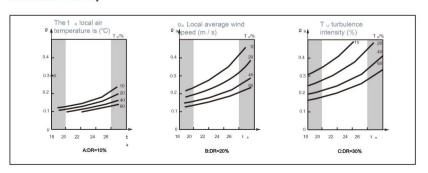


Relationship between relative humidity and dissatisfaction rate At the same temperature, when RH increases, and the satisfaction rate decreases



Blow feeling index: local discomfort caused by blowing

Maximum permissible mean wind speed as a function of local air temperature and turbulent intensity



PD limit and comfort level

Definition of Five-constant standard

comfort grade	Room temperature fluctuations Limits °C	Head and foot vertical difference in temperature Δ°C	Floor temperature regulation limit: °C	Ceiling par Heat exchange ability (W/ m²)	nel cooling nit surface temperatur e (°C)
A ⁺	≤1.0	≤2	20~28	77	≥19
Α	≤1.5	≤3	19~29	99	≥17
В	≤2.0	≤4	19~29	99	≥17

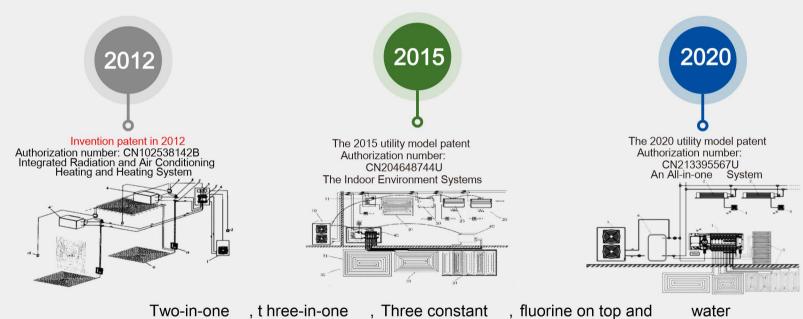
Note:

- 1) Vertical temperature difference refers to the temperature difference between 0.1m and 1.1m above the ground.
- 2) Comfort grade A ⁺ is suitable for high standard energy saving buildings, it is recommended to improve the envelope (heat insulation and shading).



3) Air-conditioning scheme of Five-constant system (9 scenarios)

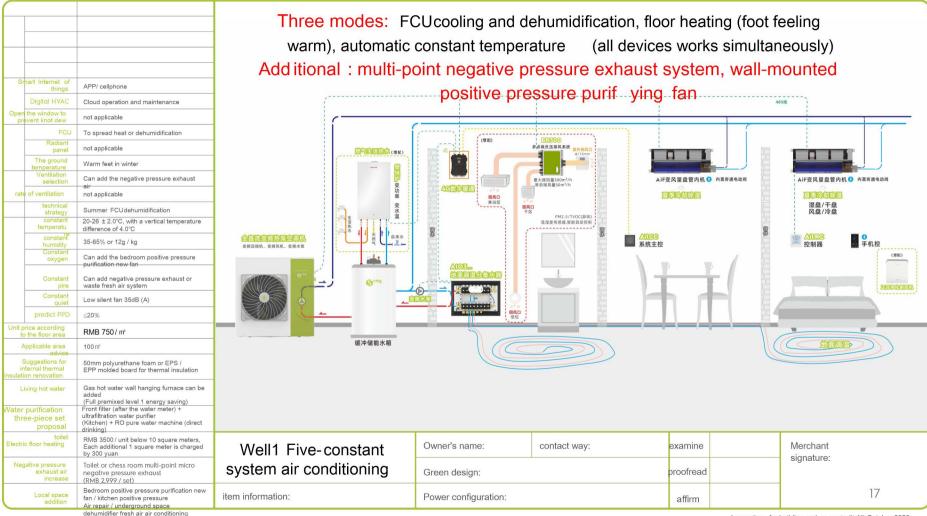
System air conditioning, ten years of witness



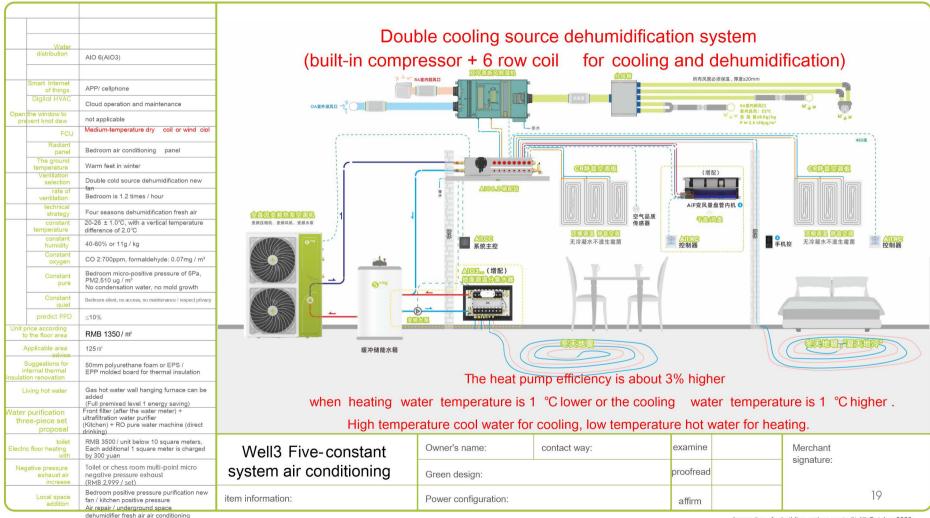
Two-in-one , t hree-in-one , Three constant , fluorine on top and water underground, Five-constant system

Addition to be bigger, subtraction to be stronger, a bright future but a long way to go .

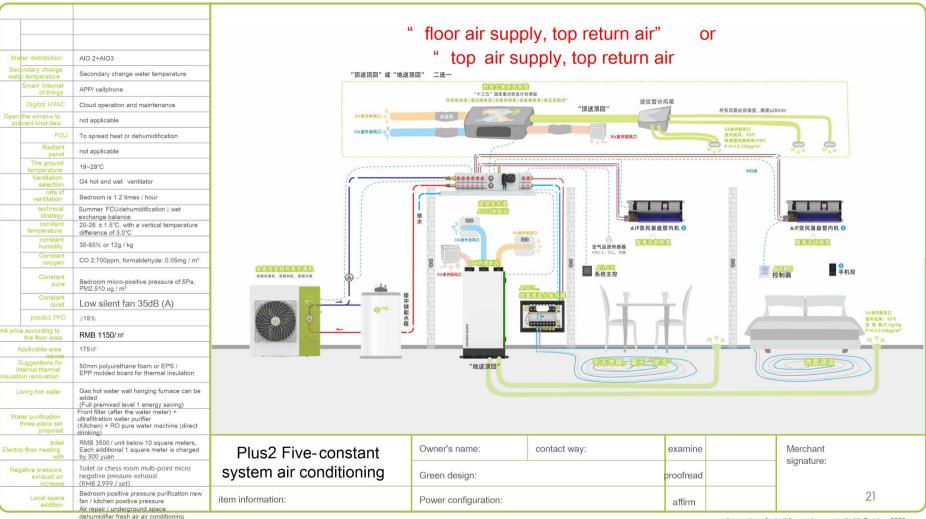
One APP / one system



G2 dehumidifier (built-in compressor / inner circulation) + FCU cooling and dehumidification Secondary change water temperature of things APP/ cellphone Cloud operation and maintenance 485銭 not applicable prevent knot dew 建议同程走管 To spread heat or dehumidification Radian not applicable The ground temperature 19~29°C G2 dehumidifier new fan AiF变风量盘管内机 3 內置旁通电动阀 selection rate o ventilation 0.6 times / hour 夏季冷却除湿 Summer FCUdehumidification I four seasons dehumidification fresh air 泰縣压線机 泰縣区机 泰縣水泵 20-26 ± 1.5°C, with a vertical temperature difference of 3.0°C 40-60% or 11g / kg CO 2:700ppm, formaldehyde: 0.07mg / m3 Who standard: zero pollution PM2.525 ug / Low silent fan 35dB (A) quiet RMB 950/ m2 缓冲储能水箱 Applicable area 50mm polyurethane foam or EPS / EPP molded board for thermal insulation Gas hot water wall hanging furnace can be Living hot water (Full premixed level 1 energy saving) Front filter (after the water meter) + ultrafiltration water purifier three-piece set (Kitchen) + RO pure water machine (direct toilet RMB 3500 / unit below 10 square meters. Merchant Electric floor heating Each additional 1 square meter is charged Well2 Five-constant Owner's name: contact way: examine by 300 yuan signature: system air conditioning Toilet or chess room multi-point micro Green design: oroofread negative pressure exhaust (RMB 2.999 / set) Bedroom positive pressure purification new 18 Local space item information: Power configuration: fan / kitchen positive pressure affirm Air repair / underground space dehumidifier fresh air air conditioning

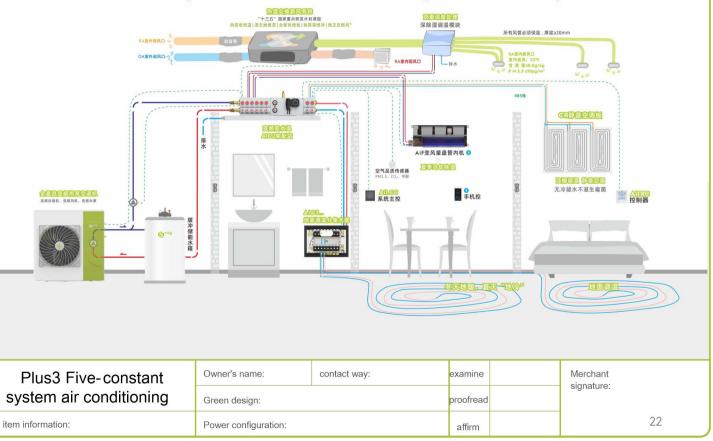


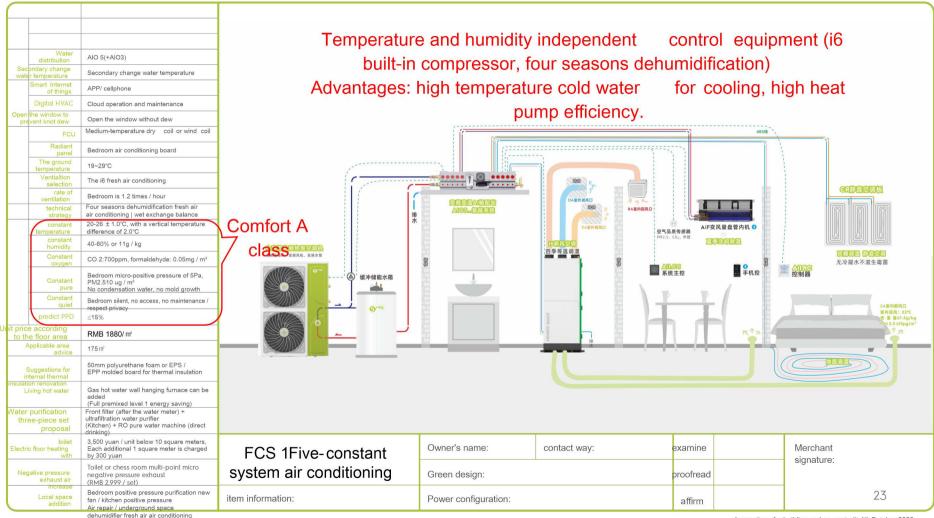
		Floor temperature adjustment	: low temperature	hot water in winter (~28	3°C) foot feeling	y warm, high
		temperature cold water for flo	oor cooling in sumn	ner (~28W / m 2);		
Water distribution	AIO 2(+AIO3)	Convection heat transfer : the	coil ventilation frequency	uency is 1~3 times varia	able air volume (15	~45W / m ²), No
change water	Secondary change water temperature	sensation of air blowing , sup	er silent operation.			
Smart Internet of things	APP/ cellphone	The adjustable ratio of radiation	heat transfer (visible) and convection	n heat transfer (la	itent) is ~50% *, which
Digital HVAC	Cloud operation and maintenance	is in line with the thermal comfo		A TENNESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Open the window to prevent knot dew	not applicable	is in line with the thermal confic	ort theory o <u>r numarri</u>	icat dissipation balance	J. 	 1
FCU	To spread heat or dehumidification	7			485歳	
Radiant panel	not applicable		<u> </u>			
The ground temperature	19~29°C	(海底)	MOSTER EPERO	(衛配) \		1===
Ventilation selection	Can add the negative pressure exhaust air		排水水。	25福风 口 ф110mm		
rate of ventilation	not applicable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			AiF变风量盘管内机 ◎	AiF变风量盘管内机 ◎
technical	Summer FCUdehumidification	ф ————————————————————————————————————	最大排风量300m³/h 常态排风量50m³/h	空气品质传感器 PM2.5, CO ₂ , 甲醛	夏季资却除湿	夏季從却除溫
constant	20-26 ± 1.5°C, with a vertical temperature difference of 4.0°C	Comfort B	の内口 排浴区 <u>タエ</u> カ	2.5/TVOC(异味)	99	
constant humidity	35-65% or 12g / kg	了		高,智能自动控制 系统主控		ATICS 控制器 手机控
Constant oxygen	Can add the bedroom positive pressure purification new fan	Class. gata di				(増設)
Constant pure	Can add negative pressure exhaust or waste fresh air system	類 第 第 第		COLUMN TO THE RESERVE	- I - I	ALLEGA MARCHANA
Constant quiet	Low silent fan 35dB (A)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	O SRO	4		
Unit price according	≤20%		低位			
to the floor area Applicable area	RMB 950 / m²			(SEX 10.10.1	天地面调温供冷	地面调温
advice	125 m²					
ggestions for internal thermal insulation renovation	50mm polyurethane foam or EPS / EPP molded board for thermal insulation					
Living hot water	Gas hot water wall hanging furnace can be added (Full premixed level 1 energy saving)	Note: "adjustable ratio ~50%" refers to the convection of 45W / m² and the maximuter.				
Water purification three-piece set proposal	Front filter (after the water meter) + ultrafiltration water purifier (Kitchen) + RO pure water machine (direct drinking)	to reduce the moisture content of indoor arbitrarily adjustable).				
toilet Electric floor heating with	RMB 3500/ unit below 10 square meters, Each additional 1 square meter is charged by 300 yuan	Plus1 Five-constant	Owner's name:	contact way:	examine	Merchant signature:
Negative pressure exhaust air increase	Toilet or chess room multi-point micro negative pressure exhaust (RMB 2,999 / set)	system air conditioning	Green design:		proofread	
Local space addition	Bedroom positive pressure purification new fan / kitchen positive pressure Air repair / underground space	item information:	Power configuration:		affirm	20
	dehumidifier fresh air air conditioning				Innovation for	building carbon neutrality!© October 2023

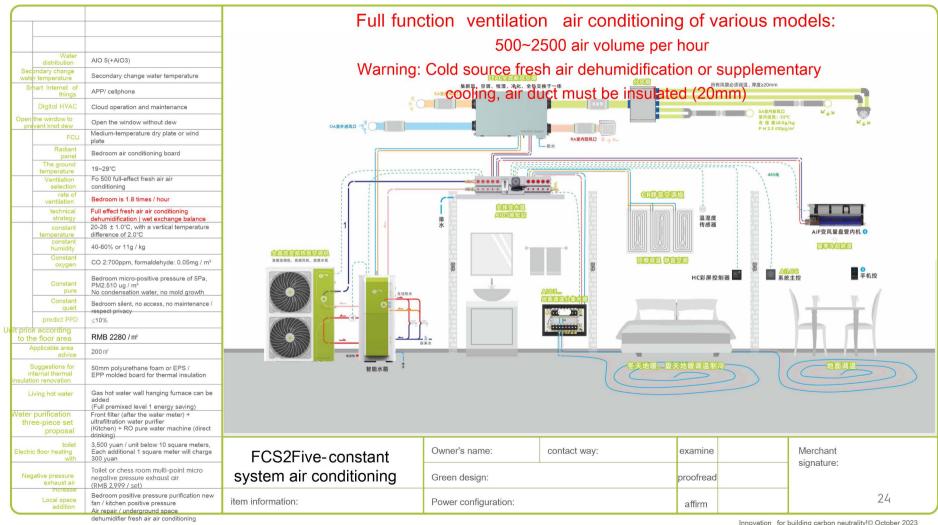


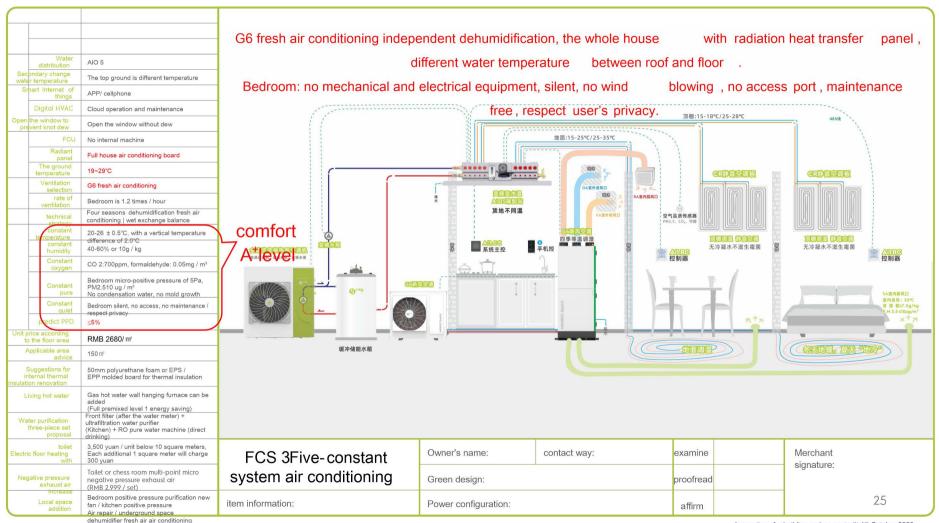
Water distribution AIO 2+AIO3 Secondary change water temperature water temperature APP/ cellphone Cloud operation and maintenance Open the window Open the window without dew to prevent knot dew To spread heat or dehumidification Bedroom air conditioning board 19~29°C IEC5 hot and wet new fan selection Bedroom is 1.2 times / hour ventilation Summer water coil dehumidification I wet technical strategy exchange balance 20-26 ± 1.0°C, with a vertical temperature difference of 2.0°C 40-60% or 11g / kg CO 2:700ppm, formaldehyde: 0.05mg Bedroom micro-positive pressure of 5Pa, PM2.510 ug / m3 Bedroom silent, no access, no maintenance / quiet respect privacy ≤10% RMB 1550/m² Applicable area estions for internal 50mm polyurethane foam or EPS / EPP molded board for thermal insulation Gas hot water wall hanging furnace can be Living hot water (Full premixed level 1 energy saving) Front filter (after the water meter) + Water purification ultrafiltration water purifier (Kitchen) + RO pure water machine (direct toilet 3.500 yuan / unit below 10 square meters. Electric floor heating Each additional 1 square meter is charged by 300 yuan Toilet or chess room multi-point micro negative pressure exhaust exhaust air (RMB 2,999 / set) Bedroom positive pressure purification new Local space fan / kitchen positive pressure Air repair / underground space dehumidifier fresh air air conditioning

6 row coil dehumidification module (cooling dehumidification) Advantages: wet balance / disadvantages: summer only









menred

Ten points of summary of the design scheme:

1 Green advice:

Renovation of building envelope structure: N $_{50}$ $^{\leq}1.0$ times / h, comprehensive average heat transfer coefficient (K value) \leq 1.0W / $m^2 \cdot ^{\circ}C$;

When the heat load is 50W / m², the power consumption of 100 square meters is less than 900 kwh / month (no more than RMB 500).

2. Power configuration:

Power selection of heat pump = (total building area * heat load), such as the heat load is 100W / m² * 150 m² = 15KW;

Power selection of FCU = heat load * area * 1.5 (enhancement coefficient), enhancement coefficient should appropriately increase with large French glass window or direct sunlight from west.

3. Device selection:

It is recommended to use "dynamic and static partition" design principle, FCU for dynamic area, radiant panel for static area. "static zone" refers to static changes of hot and wet load

Such as bedroom, study, etc.) ; "dynamic area" refers to dynamic changes of hot and wet load etc. , such as living room, dining room, gym, etc.

4. Water pump type selection:

According to the equipment (or built-in pump), device and pipe resistance, water piping method and other factors, choose the pump head and flow correctly.

Flow (I / minute) = $\frac{\text{transmission power}}{\text{transmission power}}$ (KW) $\div \Delta T$ (water supply and return temperature difference) $\div 0.07$; the pump must be correctly selected.

5 Convection heat transfer:

The FCU is selected according to the medium air gear or 60% air volume, and designed air circulation is about 5 times / h; The cubic air volume of heat transfer or cold source fresh air is calculated as 5W, and the insulation thickness of cold source or dehumidification fresh air pipe is at least 20mm.

Ten points of summary of the design scheme:

6. Radiation heat transfer:

The paving rate of radiant panel is \geq 60%. Underfloor coil is not necessary for wood floor area, but insulation board needed; the design scheme shall prevail.

Design limit: roof air conditioning, ceiling cooling≤ 99W / m², floor cooling ≤ 42W / m².

7. Comfort evaluation:

The design index is based on the premise of hardware configuration and system adjustment, evaluating in indoor heating 20°C or cooling 26°C environment;

The constant temperature fluctuation value and the vertical temperature difference value (the temperature difference between 0.1 and 1.1 m above ground).

8 Area unit price:

Calculated according to the building area, the price includes design, installation, adjustment and warranty, excluding additional part; special house type needs different configuration.

The total contract price is subject to the design scheme, and 10% service fee will be charged in first-tier cities and suburbs over 100 kilometers.

9 ten-day project:

According to the planned 10-day construction period for a 100 m² house, 5 days of equipment installation in the early stage, 3 days of product debugging in the middle stage, system adjustment and delivery in the la st 2 days; 5 + 3 + 2 days interspersed during the decoration, site decoration personnel needs to leave the field during installation.

10 ten-year warranty:

Additional Tripartite Agreement shall be signed, strictly following the classic scheme design or reviewed by SDC center,

And complete the "Service LJJ" mini program extended warranty registration.

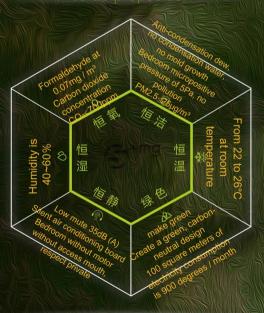


Five-constant standard definition

Five constant design ind

"Five constant and one green"

value proposition



Comfort grade evaluation

Overall thermal sensation dissatisfaction rate PPD:

Grade A + ≤10%, Grade A <15%, Grade B ≤20%

Room temperature fluctuation limit:

Grade A + < 10°C, Grade A < 1.5°C; Grade B < 2.0°

Vertical temperature difference limits:

Grade A + ≤2°C; Grade A ≤3°C; Grade B ≤4°C

Building Surface Limit value:

Ground temperature regulation 19-29°C; roof surface

Note: For different design grades, the scheme configuration shall prevail.

Menred Group official announcement

Technical Standard for Near-Zero Energy Consumption Buildings / Technical Standard for Zero Carbon Buildings /
Energy Saving Design Standard for Public Buildings / Heat Recovery and Fresh Air Unit

Fan Coel Unit / Household Fresh Air Dehumidifier, Heat Pump Fresh Air Environment Control Machine / Technical Specification for Radiation Heating and Cooling

And other 27 national standard drafting units

National high-tech enterprise / specialization, special and new little giant / green factory / beautiful factory
Partner of State Key Laboratory of Future Construction / undertake sub-project of national 13th Five-Year Key
Research and Development Plan

五恒系统空调 make green 创造绿色 Innovation for building carbon neutrality!

On System air Conditioning, human thermal comfort Summary 1:

Human thermal comfort theory

Thermal balance is a necessary condition, and the heat dissipation ratio is a sufficient condition.

Human is always a heat sink, an appropriate heat dissipation ratio can maintain a relatively constant body temperature

Five-constant standard definition

According to the overall dissatisfaction PPD and local dissatisfaction PD and temperature limits,

be divided into A +, A, B, three thermal comfort levels

"Five-constant design with indicators; comfort evaluation with grade" (Joint Initiative / Owner Certification / Annual Awards)



Summary 2:

Capacity / boundaries / values / ideas



Cloud operation and maintenance active service

A carbon-neutralizing design Human thermal comfort theory

core competence :

Full-category manufacturing, standardized customization

(area unit price with coresponding scheme)

Cognitive boundaries :

Ten times good products, ten times good growth rate (sole agency for one city signed; floor heating +

ventilation 50 billion, air conditioning 500 billion +)

Perceived value:

Tripartite agreement, 10-year warranty; 100 square meters of power consumption 500 yuan / month (make green)

Ontology concept:

Aesthetic and comfortable home,

Innovation for building carbon neutrality design / innovative entrepreneurship)

!(Innovative ideas / innovative





Thanks

五恒标准定义者 全国招商/一城独签

五恒系统空调

make green 划造绿色